

5-2 Videos Guide

5-2a

- Area of a surface of revolution
 - About the x -axis: $S = \int 2\pi y \, ds$
 - About the y -axis: $S = \int 2\pi x \, ds$
 - $ds = \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2} dx = \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dx}{dy}\right)^2} dy$, whichever is most convenient
Limits of integration: $a \leq x \leq b$ for $y = f(x)$; for $c \leq y \leq d$ for $x = g(y)$

5-2b

Exercise:

- Find the exact area of the surface obtained by rotating the curve about the x -axis.
 - $y = \sqrt{1 + e^x}$, $0 \leq x \leq 1$
 - $y = \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{1}{2x}$, $\frac{1}{2} \leq x \leq 1$

5-2c

Exercise:

- The given curve is rotated about the y -axis. Find the area of the resulting surface.
 $x^{2/3} + y^{2/3} = 1$, $0 \leq y \leq 1$